#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 WINFIELD, ILLINOIS

**JUNE 30, 2016** 

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#### EVANS, MARSHALL & PEASE, P.C.

### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Winfield Public School District No. 34 Winfield, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Winfield Public School District No. 34, Winfield, Illinois, (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position—modified cash basis of the governmental activities and each major fund of Winfield Public School District No. 34, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position—modified cash basis, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Winfield School District No. 34's financial statements. The other information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements of Winfield School District No. 34. We have applied certain limited procedures to the other information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 7, 2016, on our consideration of Winfield Public School District No. 34's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Winfield Public School District No. 34's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Evans, Marshall & Pease, P.C.

Evans, Marshall & Pease, P. C. Certified Public Accountants

September 7, 2016 Rolling Meadows, IL (12)



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Winfield Public School District No. 34 Winfield, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Winfield Public School District No. 34, Winfield, Illinois, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Winfield Public School District No. 34's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 7, 2016. The financial statements were found to be fairly stated, on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Winfield Public School District No. 34's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Winfield Public School District No. 34's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Evans, Marshall & Pease, P.C.

Evans, Marshall & Pease, P. C. Certified Public Accountants

September 7, 2016 Rolling Meadows, IL

### OTHER INFORMATION Management's Discussion and Analysis – Unaudited

This section of the Winfield Public School District No. 34's (the "District") annual financial report is the discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. The management of the District encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior is required to be presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A").

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2016 by \$12,086,090 (net position).
- The District's total net position increased by \$252,927.
- Expenses for governmental activities remained relatively stable with last year at \$7,276,460; however, revenue increased by \$343,018.
- The District finished the major roofing project started in fiscal year June 30, 2015. The cost totaled \$416,009.
- The District entered into a lease/purchase agreement during the year for (4) multi-purpose copy machines in the amount of \$33,949.
- Fund balances continue to remain at healthy levels. Fund balances totaled \$4,286,749, which is a decrease of \$33,921 in comparison to the previous year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- · Government-wide financial statements.
- · Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements

This report also contains other information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Included as revenue in the Educational Account (and Total) is the annual "on-Behalf" payment by the State to the Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) discussed elsewhere in this audit report. This is money over which the District has no control and never sees on its books. As a result, it is not included in the District's annual budget as either revenue or expense. In fact, the State does not always make this contribution, or make it on time. This may be confusing when reading the audit since it looks as though the District has over expended its budget by a very large number. This is not the case. This contribution by the State must be shown in the audit, but it should be kept in mind that to get a true picture of the District's revenue, expenses and balances, this contribution must be discounted.

The major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain, are shown in the following table:

#### Major Features of the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-Wide	le Fund Financial Statements				
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds			
	Entire District	The activities of the District	Instances in which			
	(except fiduciary	that are not fiduciary, such	District administers			
Scope	funds)	as general fund	resources on behalf			
			of someone else, such as			
			student activity monies			
	Statement of	Balance sheet	Statement of fiduciary			
Required	net position		net position			
financial						
statements	Statement of	Statement of revenues,	Statement of changes			
Statements	activities	expenditures, and changes	in fiduciary net position			
		in fund balance				
Accounting	Cash basis	Cash basis accounting	Cash basis accounting			
basis and	accounting and	and current financial	and current financial			
measurement	current financial	resources focus	resources focus			
focus	resources focus					
	All assets and	Revenues for which cash is	All assets and liabilities,			
Type of	liabilities, both	received during the year;	both short-term and			
asset/liability	financial and capital,	no capital assets or long-	long-term; funds may			
information	short-term and	term liabilities included	contain capital			
	long-term		assets			
	Revenues for which	Revenues for which cash is	All additions and			
Type of	cash is received	received during the year.	deductions during the			
inflow/outflow	during the year.	expenditures when goods or	year			
information	Expenditures when	services have been paid for.				
	goods and services					
	have been paid for.					

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All the current year's revenues and expenditures are accounted for in the statement of activities.

Unlike a private sector company, the District cannot readily convert fixed assets to liquid assets; the District cannot sell a school building and use the cash. Districts can, and sometimes do, convert fixed assets to cash through the sale of property; however this is a rare event and not easily accomplished.

The government-wide financial statements report the District's net position and how it has changed throughout the year. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial
  position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors, such
  as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other
  facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are presented as follows:

• Governmental activities – Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, support services, community programs and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond convenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as working cash).

#### The District has two kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash, and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is included as a separate statement explaining the relationship (or differences) between them.

Fiduciary Funds – The District serves as a trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and only by those to whom the assets belong. These activities are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### Notes to the financial statements:

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Other information:

In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its non-certified employees.

#### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

<u>Statement of Net Position</u>: The following summary data is compared with data from the preceding year. The following provides a summary of the District's Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Governmental Activities			
		2016		2015
Assets:				
Current assets	\$	4,286,749	\$	4,320,670
Capital assets (less depreciation)		11,022,504		10,987,883
Total Assets		15,309,253		15,308,553
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities		273,952		280,173
Noncurrent liabilities		2,949,211		3,195,217
Total Liabilities		3,223,163		3,475,390
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets		7,799,341		7,512,493
Restricted		1,604,267		1,848,083
Unrestricted		2,682,482		2,472,587
Total Net Position	\$	12,086,090	\$	11,833,163

<u>Total Net Position</u>: Please note that the amounts reported for governmental activities in the audit statement are different from the summary tables above because (1) capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, as they are in business, and are not reported as assets in governmental funds. (2) long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and capital leases are not due in the current period and therefore not reported as liabilities in the funds. The result is that the total net position for governmental activities are \$12,086,090.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u>: A portion of the District's total net position is considered restricted. The District's restricted net position results from portions of governmental funds that are restricted, committed, or assigned, or in any other way, limit the availability of fund resources for future use. The Operations and Maintenance Fund, Transportation Fund, and Illinois Municipal Retirement Funds are special revenue funds; by law, funds held in a special revenue fund are restricted to the purpose of the fund. The Net Position of the Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund are also restricted for expenditures disbursed for specified purposes.

The funds have a restricted balance as follows: Operations and Maintenance Fund, \$338,456; Transportation Fund, \$78,183; Municipal Retirement Fund, \$144,239; Debt Service Fund, \$589,876; and Capital Projects Fund, \$453,513. The District's total restricted net position at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$1,604,267. There were no significant changes affecting restrictions, commitments, or other limitations to the availability of fund resources for future use.

The following is a summary of the District's changes in net position for the year ending June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Governmental Activities				
		2016		2015	
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	209,901	\$	236,068	
Operating grants and contributions		1,820,180		1,636,328	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		5,284,316		5,129,309	
Corporate personal property replacement		34,526		37,503	
Impact fees		-		-	
State aid - formula grants		124,756		86,068	
Donations from private sources		48,381		54,980	
Unrestricted investment earnings		7,327		6,113	
Total Revenues		7,529,387		7,186,369	
Expenses:					
Instruction		3,962,061		3,924,509	
Support services		2,052,869		2,092,097	
Community services		29,771		41,274	
Payments to other governmental units		188,446		194,737	
Interest and fees on long-term debt		622,326		581,122	
Depreciation (unallocated)		420,987		431,387	
Total Expenses		7,276,460		7,265,126	
Change in Net Position		252,927		(78,757)	
Net Position - Beginning		11,833,163		11,911,920	
Net Position - Ending	\$	12,086,090	\$	11,833,163	

<u>Changes in Net Position</u>: The District's combined net position increased by \$252,927 to \$12,086,090 in fiscal year 2016.

The District's total revenues were \$7,529,387 for governmental activities. Local taxes (predominantly real estate taxes) were \$5,318,842 or 70.64%. Charges for services were \$209,901 or 2.79%. State and federal funding and grants were \$1,820,180 or 24.17% of the total. General state aid was \$124,756 or 1.66%. Donations were \$48,381 or 0.64% and investments earned \$7,327 or 0.10%.

Total costs for all governmental programs totaled \$7,276,460. Expenditures are predominantly related to instruction, instructional support services, and maintenance of the physical plant. Expenditures remained relatively stable in comparison to the prior year. Interest on long-term debt has increased from the prior year in the amount of \$41,204, and the District will continue to see interest expense increase going forward. Combined expenses for instruction and support services in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$6,014,930, which is \$1,676 less than the combined total of \$6,016,606 in the previous fiscal year.

#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the District reflects the financial climate of the country as a whole and Illinois in particular. Expenditures and revenues are monitored carefully. Financial updates and projections are shared with the Board of Education regularly. Account balances for all funds are at a healthy level for the year ended June 30, 2016. The governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$4,286,749, which is a decrease of \$33,921 in comparison to the prior year.

#### **Educational Account**

- Fund balance increased by \$209,895, resulting in an ending fund balance of \$2,243,799.
- The District received \$215,526 more from state sources, while managing to keep expenditures in check.

#### Capital Projects Fund

- Fund balance continued to decrease to and ending balance of \$453,513, a decrease of \$376,696.
- The District continued major improvements, including completing a major roof repair project.

#### Remaining Funds

- The Working Cash, Operations and Maintenance Fund, Transportation Fund, Municipal Retirement Fund, and Debt Service Fund continued to see fund balances grow in FY16.
- Fund balances increased by a cumulative amount of \$133,790.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

<u>Capital Assets:</u> Total depreciation expense for the year was \$420,987, while additions to capital assets amounted to \$455,609 which consisted of completion of a major roofing project, (4) copier machines, and other various building improvements and carpeting. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u>: At year end, the District had \$3,223,164 in capital appreciation, general obligation bonds, and capital leases outstanding, \$273,952 which is due within the next fiscal year. More detailed information about long-term debt can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

	2016	2015
Capital Appreciation Bond General Obligation Bonds Capital Leases	\$ 1,375,217 1,820,000 27,947	\$ 1,645,390 1,830,000
Total	\$ 3,223,164	\$ 3,475,390

Revenue is collected by the County Assessor to cover the payments on these bonds. Bond payments are not under the tax cap. The District entered into a lease/purchase agreement during the year in the amount of \$33,949.

During FY16, the District did not experience any negative changes in its debt credit rating or limitation.

#### **Budgetary Analysis**

The Educational Account was over-expended due to difference of budget versus actual state on-behalf payments (\$1,440,701) to TRS and THIS. As noted earlier, this "on-Behalf" payment is not included in the District's annual budget as either revenue or an expense. Also, the Debt Service Fund was over-expended by \$7,753; the District did not budget for Capital Lease payments to be expended through the Debt Service Fund.

#### **Factors Bearing on the District's Financial Future**

The District has several residential developments that may have an impact on the District's revenues. New construction and housing developments in the area continue to be minimal. Each of these developments provides impact fees and increases the Equalized Assessed Valuation (EAV) which results in additional property taxes. As for expenditures, the District expects the special education costs to continue to exceed the revenue received, and utility costs will continue to rise. Finally, the District received the \$2.3 million from the Illinois Capital Development Board in FY12; a portion was used on the roofing project during FY14 and the remainder is held in the Site and Construction Fund.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management Team**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Director of Business Services, Doug Gallios, at Winfield Public School District No. 34, 0S150 Winfield Road, Winfield, IL 60190.





#### WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 4,286,749
Capital assets not being depreciated:	
Land	591,553
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings and improvements	9,999,190
Land improvements	283,306
Equipment	148,455
Total Assets	15,309,253
LIABILITIES	
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	273,952
Due in more than one year	2,949,211
Total Liabilities	3,223,163
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	7,799,341
Restricted for:	
Operations and maintenance	338,456
Transportation	78,183
Municipal retirement/social security	144,239
Debt service	589,876
Capital projects	453,513
Unrestricted	2,682,482_
Total Net Position	\$ 12,086,090

#### WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Progra	m Revenues Re	eceived	Reve	Net (Expense) enue and Changes n Net Position
FUNCTIONS/ PROGRAMS	Expenses Disbursed	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contribution		Governmental Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Instruction Support services Community services Payments to other governmental units Debt service: Interest on long-term debt Depreciation - unallocated	\$ 3,962,061 2,052,869 29,771 188,446 622,326 420,987	\$ 209,901 - - - -	\$ 1,756,944 63,236 - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	(1,995,216) (1,989,633) (29,771) (188,446) (622,326) (420,987)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,276,460	\$ 209,901	\$ 1,820,180	\$ -	=	(5,246,379)
	Taxes: Property taxe Personal prop Donations from State aid - form	perty replacemer private sources	nt taxes			5,284,316 34,526 48,381 124,756 7,327
	Total Genera	l Revenues Rec	eived			5,499,306
	CHANGE IN NE	T POSITION				252,927
	NET POSITION	I - JULY 1, 2015				11,833,163
	NET POSITION	I - JUNE 30, 201	6		\$	12,086,090



# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund		Operations and Maintenance T Fund		Trar	Transportation Fund		Municipal Retirement/Social Seurity Fund	
ASSETS Cash	\$	2,682,482	\$	338,456	\$	78,183	\$	144,239	
Total Assets	\$	2,682,482	\$	338,456	\$	78,183	\$	144,239	
LIABILITIES	\$		\$		\$		\$		
FUND BALANCES Restricted: Debt service Municipal retirement/social security Operations & maintenance Transportation Committed: Capital projects Unassigned		- - - - 2,682,482		- - 338,456 - - - -		- - - 78,183 - -		- 144,239 - - - -	
Total Fund Balances		2,682,482		338,456		78,183		144,239	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,682,482	\$	338,456	\$	78,183	\$	144,239	

 Debt Service Fund	 Capital Projects Fund	Total Government Funds	
\$ 589,876	\$ 453,513	\$	4,286,749
\$ 589,876	\$ 453,513	\$	4,286,749
\$ 	\$ 	\$	-
589,876 - - -	- - - -		589,876 144,239 338,456 78,183
-	453,513 -		453,513 2,682,482
589,876	453,513		4,286,749
\$ 589,876	\$ 453,513	\$	4,286,749

## WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CASH BASIS) JUNE 30, 2016

Total fund balances-governmental funds (Exhibit C)

\$ 4,286,749

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of assets and liabilities arising from cash transactions are different because:

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.

Cos	t of capital assets:		
La	and .	\$ 591,553	
В	uildings and improvements	16,005,371	
La	and improvements	603,136	
E	quipment	640,624	
	Total cost of capital assets	17,840,684	
Acc	umulated depreciation	 (6,818,180)	
Net	investment in capital assets		11,022,504
_	ot due and payable in the current period and therefore ilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities		
Сар	ital leases payable	(27,946)	
Bon	ds payable	(3,195,217)	
Tota	al long-term liabilities		 (3,223,163)
Net position-governmenta	al activities (Exhibit A)	:	\$ 12,086,090



# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Operations and eneral Maintenance Fund Fund		Transportation Fund		Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund	
REVENUES								
Local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	3,686,729	\$	458,654	\$	20,921	\$	186,730
Personal property replacement taxes		-		-		-		34,526
Student tuition and fees		30,226		-		-		-
Interest on investments		4,453		463		134		1,039
Pupil activities		106,380		-		-		-
Donations		48,381		-		-		-
Rentals		-		20,000		-		-
Other		3,984		-		-		-
State sources:								
General state aid		124,756		-		-		-
Transportation aid		-		-		28,982		-
Special education		162,105		-		-		-
Bilingual		1,774		-		-		-
School lunch programs		212		-		-		-
Other		1,500		-		-		-
State on behalf payments		1,440,701		-		-		_
Federal sources:								
Special milk program		3,893		-		-		-
Title I - low income		62,512		-		-		_
IDEA preschool flow through		2,825		-		-		-
IDEA flow through		85,527		-	-			-
Title II - teacher quality		12,559		-	_			-
Medicaid matching		17,590		-		-		-
3		,						
Total Revenues Received		5,796,107		479,117		50,037		222,295
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction		3,895,029		-		-		67,033
Support services		1,466,322		432,178		29,173		102,247
Community services		28,539		-		-		1,232
Payments to other governmental units		188,446		-		-		-
Capital outlay		33,949		18,241		-		-
Debt service:		•		-				
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest								
Total Expenditures Disbursed		5,612,285		450,419		29,173		170,512

Debt		Capital			Total		
	Service		Projects	Go	Governmental		
	Fund		Fund		Funds		
\$	931,282	\$	-	\$	5,284,316		
	-		-		34,526		
	-		-		30,226		
	878		360		7,327		
	-		-		106,380		
	-		-		48,381		
	-		- 49,311		20,000 53,295		
	-		49,511		33,293		
	-		-		124,756		
	-		-		28,982		
	-		-		162,105		
	-		-		1,774		
	-		-		212		
	-		-		1,500		
	-		-		1,440,701		
	-		-		3,893		
	-		-		62,512		
	-		-		2,825		
	-		-		85,527		
	-		<u>-</u>		12,559 17,590		
					17,590		
	932,160		49,671		7,529,387		
	-		-		3,962,062		
	-		22,949		2,052,869		
	-		-		29,771		
	-		-		188,446		
	-		403,418		455,608		
	286,175		-		286,175		
	622,326				622,326		
	908,501		426,367		7,597,257		
					• •		

## WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Operations and Maintenance Fund	Transportation Fund	Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	183,822	28,698	20,864	51,783
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Capital leases Transfer in Transfers out	33,949 - (7,876)	- - -	- - -	- - -
Total Other Financing Sources	26,073			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	209,895	28,698	20,864	51,783
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2015	2,472,587	309,758	57,319	92,456
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2016	\$ 2,682,482	\$ 338,456	\$ 78,183	\$ 144,239

Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund		Go	Total overnmental Funds
23,659		(376,696)		(67,870)
- 7,876		-		33,949 7,876 (7,876)
7,876		-		33,949
31,535		(376,696)		(33,921)
 558,341		830,209		4,320,670
\$ 589,876	\$	453,513	\$	4,286,749

## WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Total net change in fund balances-governmental funds (Exhibit D)

\$ (33,921)

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreases by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decreases by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year. Capital outlays for items below the District's capitalization policy limits and repairs and maintenance are expensed.

Depreciation expense	\$ (420,987)
Capital outlays - over capitalization policy limits	455,609

Capital outlay in excess of depreciation expense

34,622

Some of the capital assets acquired this year were financed with capital leases. The amount financed by the leases is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. On the other hand, the capital leases are not revenues in the statement of activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

(33,949)

286,175

Repayment of debt principal is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds and thus, has the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used. In the government-wide statements, however, the principal reduces the liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not result in an expense in the Statement of Activities. The District's debt was reduced by principal payments made to debt holders.

Total principal paid on debt

Principal paid on capital lease	6,002
Principal paid to bond holders	280.173

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B) \$ 252,927

#### WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CASH BASIS) AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Total Agency Funds	Agency	
ASSETS Cash	_\$ 13,97	<u>′2</u>	
Total Assets	\$ 13,97	'2	
LIABILITIES  Due to organizations	\$ 13,97	<u>'2</u>	
Total Liabilities	\$ 13,97	'2	



#### WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District's accounting policies conform to the cash basis of accounting as defined by the Illinois State Board of Education Audit Guide. A summary of the significant accounting policies, consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are as follows:

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the financial statements of the reporting entity include: (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided by the governmental accounting standards have been considered and there are no agencies or entities which should be presented with the District.

#### B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. These statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. There are no business-type activities within the District.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses not allocated to functions are reported separately. Interest on general long-term debt is considered such an indirect expense. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expenses of each function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### Governmental Funds Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The District maintains individual funds required by the Illinois State Board of Education (ISBE). Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types. The fund classifications and a description of each existing fund type follow:

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental fund types are used to account for the District's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental fund types include the following:

#### WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

**General Fund** – The General Fund, which consists of the Educational Account and Working Cash Account, is the primary operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for the revenues received and expenditures disbursed which are used in providing education in the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

**Special Revenue Funds** – The Special Revenue Funds, which include the Operations and Maintenance Fund, Transportation Fund, and the Municipal Retirement Fund, are used to account for revenue received from specific sources (other than those accounted for in the Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures disbursed for specified purposes.

**Debt Service Fund** – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. Since there are no legal requirements on bond indentures which mandate that a separate fund be established for each bond issue, the District maintains one Debt Service Fund for all bond issues.

**Capital Projects Fund** – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types (not included in government-wide statements)

**Agency Funds** – The Agency Funds (Student Activity Funds) account for assets held by the District in trustee capacity or as an agent for student organizations. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of the results of operations.

#### **Major and Nonmajor Funds**

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- 1) Total assets, liabilities, revenues received, or expenditures disbursed of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- 2) Total assets, liabilities, revenues received, or expenditures disbursed of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The District has opted to treat all of its funds as major funds.

The funds which are classified as major are as follows:

#### Major:

Educational Account Part of the General Fund. See above for description.

Working Cash Account Part of the General Fund. See above for description.

Operations and

Maintenance Fund A Special Revenue Fund to account for activity relating to the

maintenance of school facilities.

Transportation Fund A Special Revenue Fund to account for activity relating to student

transportation to and from school.

#### WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Municipal Retirement/

Social Security Fund A Special Revenue Fund to account for the District's portion of pension

contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund for noncertified

employees.

Debt Service Fund A Debt Service Fund used to accumulate resources for, and payment of,

general long-term debt, principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund A Capital Projects Fund that accounts for financial resources to be used

for the acquisition, construction, or additions to major capital facilities.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District may fund certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, both a restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

#### C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

#### Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements focus on the measurement of spending or "financial flow" and the determination of changes in financial position rather than upon net income determination. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues received and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures disbursed and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues received and expenditures disbursed are recognized in the accounts and how they are reported in the basic financial statements. The District maintains its accounting records for all funds on the cash basis of accounting under guidelines prescribed by the Illinois State Board of Education. Accordingly, revenues are recognized and recorded in the accounts when cash is received. In the same manner expenditures are recognized and recorded upon the disbursement of cash. Assets of a fund are only recorded when a right to receive cash exists which arises from a previous cash transaction. Liabilities of a fund, similarly, result from previous cash transactions. Cash basis financial statements omit recognition of receivables and payables and other accrued and deferred items that do not arise from previous cash transactions.

#### D. Equity Classifications/Fund Balance Reporting

Government-Wide Reporting

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

**Net Investment in capital assets** – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets less any unspent debt proceeds.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

**Restricted net position** – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Restricted net position consists of the Operations and Maintenance Fund (\$338,456), the Transportation Fund (\$78,183), the Municipal Retirement Fund (\$144,239), the Debt Service Fund (\$589,876), and the Capital Projects Fund (\$453,513), totaling \$1,604,267.

**Unrestricted net position** – All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Governmental Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications; Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned.

**Nonspendable** – the nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example inventories and prepaid amounts. Due to the cash basis used by the District there is nothing to report for this classification.

**Restricted** – the restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions, not controlled by the District. Items such as restrictions imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Special Revenue Funds are by definition restricted for those specified purposes. The District has several revenue sources received within different funds that also fall into these categories –

- Special Education cash receipts and the related cash disbursements of this restricted tax levy are accounted for in the Educational Account. Expenditures disbursed exceeded revenue received for this purpose, resulting in no restricted fund balance.
- State Grants proceeds from state grants and the related expenditures have been included in the Educational Account and Transportation Fund. At June 30, 2016, expenditures disbursed exceeded revenue received form state grants, resulting in no restricted balance.
- Federal Grants proceeds from federal grants and the related expenditures have been included in the Educational Account. At June 30, 2016, expenditures disbursed exceeded revenue received from federal grants, resulting in no restricted balance.
- Social Security expenditures disbursed and the related cash receipts of this restricted tax levy are accounted for in the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund. Expenditures disbursed exceeded revenue received, resulting in no restricted balance.

**Committed** – the committed fund balance refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

**Assigned** – The assigned fund balance classification refers to amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

**Unassigned** – the unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for amounts in the General Fund for amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Expenditures of fund balances – unless specifically identified, expenditures disbursed act to reduce restricted balances first, then to committed balances, next assigned balances, and finally act to reduce unassigned balances. Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified.

# E. Cash and Deposits

Cash and deposits are considered to be cash on hand, cash with financial institutions, savings deposit accounts, and certificates of deposits.

# F. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) Tuition and fees and 2) Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

# G. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Prior to July 1, 2003, infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Such assets have been valued at estimated historical cost. Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocation in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows: buildings, improvements and infrastructure 20-50 years, transportation equipment 8 years, equipment 5-20 years.

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures upon acquisition. No depreciation is recorded in the fund financial statements.

# H. Long-term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

### **NOTE 2. CASH AND DEPOSITS**

Cash and deposits are considered to be cash on hand, cash with financial institutions, savings deposit accounts, and certificates of deposit. The District has adopted a formal cash management policy. The financial institutions in which accounts are made must be approved by the Board of Education.

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. In addition, investments may be separately held by some of the District's funds.

## NOTE 2. CASH AND DEPOSITS (Cont'd)

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the District's deposits and investments totaled \$4,286,749. Bank balances totaling \$4,385,704 are separated into the following components:

		Maturity
		Less Than
Cash	Amount	Six Months
Cash with financial institutions Certificates of deposit	\$ 307,169 200,000	\$ 307,169 200,000
ISDLAF+	3,878,535	3,878,535
Total Deposits	\$ 4,385,704	\$ 4,385,704

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District limits the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than six months. The weighted average of the portfolio maturity for investments was .64 days and the weighted portfolio yield was 0.250%.

Credit Risk: The District is allowed to invest in securities as authorized by Chapter 30, Sections 23 5/2, and 23 5/6, and Chapter 105, Section 5/8-7 of the *Illinois Compiled Statutes*. These Statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies' accounts and any other investments constituting direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Bank Act, certain short-term commercial paper, accounts of federally insured savings and loans, and the state treasurers' investment pool. The District has no cash policy that would further limit its cash choices.

The Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus (ISDLAF+) is a not-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from participating members. Neither is registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments are each rated AAAm and are valued at share price, which is the price for which the investment could be sold.

Custodial Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the bank or the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. The bank balance of \$4,385,704 is exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Depository Account	Bank Balance		
Insured	\$	507,169	
Uncollateralized		3,878,535	
Total Deposits	\$	4,385,704	

#### **NOTE 3. PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property located in the District on or before the last Tuesday in December. The adoption date for the 2015 tax levy, payable in 2016, was December 14, 2015 and the 2014 tax levy, payable in 2015, was passed on December 15, 2014. Taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on the date of levy and are payable in two installments (June 1 and September 1) subsequent to the year of levy. The District receives significant distributions of tax receipts approximately one month after these due dates.

# NOTE 3. PROPERTY TAXES (Cont'd)

A summary of the past two years' assessed valuation, tax rates, and extensions are as follows:

Tax Year	2015			2	2014
Equalized Assessed Valuation	\$124,	267,295		\$118,224,315	
<u>-</u>	Rates	Extensions	_	Rates	Extensions
Educational	2.9145	\$ 3,621,770		3.0103	\$ 3,558,907
Operations & Maintenance	0.3679	457,179		0.3838	453,745
Transportation	0.0165	20,504		0.0178	21,044
Municipal Retirement	0.0922	114,575		0.0970	114,678
Special Education	0.0561	69,714		0.0608	71,880
Bond & Interest	0.7563	939,834		0.7696	909,854
Social Security	0.0561	69,714	_	0.0608	71,880
Totals	4.2596	\$ 5,293,290	_	4.4001	\$ 5,201,988

# **NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance July 1, 2015		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2016	
Not being depreciated:  Land	\$ 591,55	3 \$	_	\$	_	\$	591,553	
Construction in Progress	24,76	-	-	Ψ	24,763	Ψ	-	
Subtotal	616,31	<u> </u>			24,763		591,553	
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and Improvements	15,565,56	6	439,805		-	1	6,005,371	
Land Improvements	603,13	6	-		-		603,136	
Equipment	600,05	<u> </u>	40,566		-		640,624	
Subtotal	16,768,76	<u> </u>	480,371		<u>-</u> _	1	7,249,131	
Accumulated Depreciation:								
Building and Improvements	5,645,40	9	360,772		-		6,006,181	
Land Improvements	293,63		26,200		-		319,830	
Equipment	458,15	<u> 4</u>	34,015		-		492,169	
Subtotal	6,397,19	3	420,987				6,818,180	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 10,963,12	<u>\$</u>	59,384	\$		\$ 1	1,022,504	
Depreciation was charged to function Governmental Activities:	ns as follows:							
Unallocated		<u>\$</u>	420,987					
Total governmental activities depred	ciation expense	\$	420,987					

#### NOTE 5. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Jı	Balance uly 1, 2015	Additions		Retirements	Refunded		Balance June 30, 2016		Due Wit	
Bonds: Capital Appreciation Bond, Series 2002	\$	1,645,390	\$	-	\$ 270,173	\$	-	\$ 1,	375,217	\$ 257,5	580
General Obligation Bonds: Refunding School Bond, Series 2013A		825,000		-	5,000		-		820,000	5,0	000
Refunding School Bond, Series 2013B		1,005,000		_	5,000			1,	000,000	5,0	000
Total Bonds		3,475,390		-	280,173			3,	195,217	267,5	80
Capital Leases: (4) Copier Machines		-	33	3,949	6,002				27,947	6,3	372
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	3,475,390	\$ 33	3,949	\$ 286,175	\$	-	\$ 3,	223,164	\$ 273,9	52

#### **Bonded Debt**

On May 30, 2002 the District issued Capital Appreciation School Bonds in the amount of \$5,958,150. Principal payments are due January 1, and interest payments at rates from 8.48% to 9.00% are due January 1, through fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The balance due as of June 30, 2016 is \$1,375,217.

On August 29, 2013 the District issued Taxable General Obligation Refunding School Bonds in the amount of \$840,000. Principal payments are due January 1, and interest payments at a rate of 3.59% are due January 1 and July 1, through fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The balance due as of June 30, 2016 is \$820,000.

On August 29, 2013 the District issued General Obligation Refunding School Bonds in the amount of \$1,020,000. Principal payments are due January 1, and interest payments at a rate of 2.60% are due January 1 and July 1, through fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The balance due as of June 30, 2016 is \$1,000,000.

At June 30, 2016 the annual debt service cash flow requirements to service all bonds are:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal		Interest
2017	\$ 267,580	\$	662,858
2018	255,266		704,862
2019	244,546		750,273
2020	232,816		791,694
2021	222,532		836,668
2022	212,477		881,413
2023	865,000		53,581
2024	895,000		23,270
Total	\$ 3,195,217	\$	4,704,619

## NOTE 5. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT (Cont'd)

### Lease/Purchase Agreements

The District has acquired certain equipment by entering into various installment purchase obligations. The total cost of the property and equipment has been included in the capital assets in the year of acquisition. These obligations will be paid from current operating funds of the Educational Account, General Fund of the Governmental Fund.

On June 26, 2015, the District entered into a lease/purchase agreement with PMA Leasing for the purchase of (3) Ricoh and (1) Lexmark copier machines, totaling \$33,949, with a monthly payment of \$656 including interest at 6.00%. The remaining balance due at June 30, 2016 is \$27,947.

As of June 30, 2016, the annual debt service requirements to cover outstanding lease/purchase agreements are:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total		
2017	\$	6,372	\$	1,504	\$	7,876	
2018		6,766		1,110		7,876	
2019		7,183		693		7,876	
2020		7,626		250		7,876	
Total	\$	27,947	\$	3,557	\$	31,504	

Based on the 2015 assessed valuation of \$124,267,295, the legal debt margin of 6.9 percent is \$8,574,443. At June 30, 2016 the outstanding bonded debt to which the legal debt margin applies is \$3,195,217, leaving an available borrowing power of \$5,379,226.

### **NOTE 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS**

#### A. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

#### Plan Description

The employer participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. TRS members include all active nonannuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the system's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://trs.illinois.gov/pubs/cafr">http://trs.illinois.gov/pubs/cafr</a>; by writing to TRS at 2815 West Washington Street, P. O. Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794; or by calling (888) 877-0890, option 2.

#### Benefits Provided

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Tier I members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier I members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years, or age 55 with 20 years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest years of creditable earnings within the last 10 years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2 percent of final average salary up to a maximum of 75 percent with 34 years of service. Disability and death benefits are also provided.

## NOTE 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Cont'd)

Tier II members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with 10 years of service, or a discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with 10 years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the last four. Disability provisions for Tier II are identical to those of Tier I. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier I.

Essentially all Tier I retirees receive an annual 3 percent increase in the current retirement benefit beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier II annual increases will be the lesser of three percent of the original benefit or one-half percent of the rate of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

#### Contributions

The State of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the system up to 90 percent of the total actuarial liabilities of the system by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the pension code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 9.4 percent of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the employer.

**On-behalf contributions to TRS.** The State of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the employer. For the year ended June 30, 2016, State of Illinois contributions recognized by the employer were based on the State's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the employer, and the employer recognized revenue and expenditures of \$1,413,240 in pension contributions from the State of Illinois.

**2.2 formula contributions.** Employers contribute 0.58 percent of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. The contribution rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016, were \$14,886, and are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2015 measurement date.

**Federal and special trust fund contributions.** When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the employer, there is a statutory requirement for the employer to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under a policy adopted by the TRS Board of Trustees that has been in effect since the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds will be the same as the state contribution rate to TRS. Public Act 98-0674 now requires the two rates to be the same.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the employer pension contribution was 36.06 percent of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2016, salaries totaling \$-0- were paid from federal and special trust funds that required employer contributions of \$-0-. These contributions are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2015 measurement date.

**Employer retirement contributions**. Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that an employer is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. The employer is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members retiring under the Early Retirement Option (ERO). The payments vary depending on the member's age

## NOTE 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Cont'd)

and salary. The maximum employer ERO contribution under the current program is 146.5 percent and applies when the member is age 55 at retirement. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the employer paid \$-0- to TRS for employer ERO contributions.

The employer is also required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6 percent if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary. A one-time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the employer paid \$-0- to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6 percent and \$-0- for sick leave days granted in excess of the normal annual allotment.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the employer reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided to the employer. The state's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the employer as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the employer were as follows:

	Amount
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the employer	\$ 288,876 17,249,695
Total	\$ 17,538,571

Amount

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolled forward to June 30, 2015. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2015, relative to the projected contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2015, the employer's proportion was .0004 percent, which is the same proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the employer recognized pension expense of \$1,428,126 and revenue of \$1,413,240 for support provided by the state. At June 30, 2016, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$ 107	\$	317	
on pension plan investments	5,721		10,115	
Changes of assumptions	3,995		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement	12,217		77,754	
date	 14,886		-	
Total	\$ 36,926	\$	88,186	

## NOTE 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Cont'd)

\$14,886 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year ended June 30:

2017	\$ (22,784)
2018	\$ (22,784)
2019	\$ (22,784)
2020	\$ 2.205

# Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

**Inflation** 3.00 percent

Salary increases varies by amount of service credit

**Investment rate of return** 7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with adjustments as appropriate for TRS experience. The rates are used on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were different. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the 2015 actuarial experience analysis. The investment return assumption remained at 7.5 percent, salary increase assumptions were lowered, retirement rates were increased, mortality updates were made and other assumptions were revised. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on updates to economic assumptions adopted in 2014 which lowered the investment return assumption from 8.0 percent to 7.5 percent. The salary increase and inflation assumptions were also lowered from their 2013 levels.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. large cap	18%	7.53%
Global equity excluding U.S.	18%	7.88%
Aggregate bonds	16%	1.57%
U.S. TIPS	2%	2.82%
NCREIF	11%	5.11%
Opportunistic real estate	4%	9.09%
ARS	8%	2.57%
Risk parity	8%	4.87%
Diversified inflation strategy	1%	3.26%
Private equity	14%	12.33%
Total	100%	

## NOTE 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Cont'd)

#### Discount Rate

At June 30, 2015, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was a blended rate of 7.47 percent, which was change from the June 30, 2014 rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions, and state contributions will be made at the current statutorily-required rates.

Based on those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2015 was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Tier I's liability is partially-funded by Tier II members, as the Tier II member contribution is higher than the cost of Tier II benefits. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. Despite the subsidy, all projected future payments were not covered, so a slightly lower long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

At June 30, 2014, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The discount rate was the same as the actuarially-assumed rate of return on investments that year because TRS's fiduciary net position and the subsidy provided by Tier II were sufficient to cover all projected benefit payments.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.47 percent, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.47 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.47 percent) than the current rate.

	1%	1% Decrease		ent Discount Rate	1%	5 Increase
	(	(6.47%)		(7.47%)	(	(8.47%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	356,980	\$	288,876	\$	233,029

#### TRS Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2015 is available in the separately issued TRS *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

#### B. Teacher Health Insurance Security (THIS) Fund

#### Contributions

The employer participates in the Teacher Health Insurance Security (THIS) Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of retired Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. The THIS Fund provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but it does not provide vision, dental, or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants not enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state-administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Annuitants who are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan.

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375) outlines the benefit provisions of THIS Fund and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. Effective July 1, 2012, in accordance with Executive Order 12-01, the plan is administered by the Illinois

#### NOTE 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Cont'd)

Department of Central Management Services (CMS) with the cooperation of TRS. Section 6.6 of the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 requires all active contributors to TRS who are not employees of the state to make a contribution to the THIS Fund.

The percentage of employer required contributions in the future will not exceed 105 percent of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year.

- On-Behalf Contributions to the THIS Fund
   The State of Illinois makes employer retiree health insurance contributions on behalf of the employer. State contributions are intended to match contributions to the THIS Fund from active members which were 1.07 percent of pay during the year ended June 30, 2016. State of Illinois contributions were \$27,467, and the employer recognized revenue and expenditures of this amount during the year.
- Employer Contributions to the THIS Fund
   The employer also makes contributions to the THIS Fund. The employer THIS Fund contribution was 0.76 percent during the year ended June 30, 2016. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the employer paid \$20,532 to the THIS Fund, which was 100 percent of the required contribution.

#### **Further information on the THIS Fund**

The publicly available financial report of the THIS Fund may be found on the website of the Illinois Auditor General: <a href="http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/ABC-List.asp">http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/ABC-List.asp</a>. The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services." Prior reports are available under "Healthcare and Family Services".

# C. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

#### **IMRF Plan Description**

The employer's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

#### **Benefits Provided**

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired **before** January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

## NOTE 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Cont'd)

Employees hired **on or after** January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

# **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of December 31, 2015, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	IMRE
Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	29
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	70
Active Plan Members	21
Total	120

### **Contributions**

As set by statute, the employer's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2015 was 12.97%. For the fiscal year ended 2016, the employer contributed \$79,328 to the plan. The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

# **Net Pension Liability**

The employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2015:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The **Inflation Rate** was assumed to be 2.75%.
- **Salary Increases** were expected to be 4.40% to 16.00%, including inflation.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.50%.

## NOTE 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Cont'd)

- Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2011 valuation according to an experience study from years 2008 to 2010.
- The IMRF-specific rates for Mortality (for non-disabled retirees) were developed from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2020 using projection scale AA. For men 120% of the table rates were used. For women 92% of the table rates were used.
- For Disabled Retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.
- For **Active Members**, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Projected Re	eturns/Risks
	Target	Return	One Year	Ten Year
Asset Class	Allocation	12/31/2015	Arithmetic	Geometric
Equities	38%	0.02%	8.85%	7.39%
International Equities	17%	-1.90%	9.55%	7.59%
Fixed Income	27%	-0.09%	3.05%	3.00%
Real Estate	8%	11.99%	7.20%	6.00%
Alternatives	9%			
Private Equity		N/A	13.15%	8.15%
Hedge Funds		N/A	5.55%	5.25%
Commodities		N/A	4.40%	2.75%
Cash Equivalents	1%	N/A	2.25%	2.25%
Total	100%			

#### **Single Discount Rate**

A Single Discount Rate of 7.45% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and

## NOTE 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Cont'd)

2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.50%, the municipal bond rate is 3.57%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.45%.

# **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2014	\$ 2,457,596	\$ 1,994,585	\$ 463,011
Changes for the year: Service Cost	67,245	_	67,245
Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms	182,118	-	182,118 -
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(9,520)	_	(9,520)
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer	-	77,757	(77,757)
Contributions - Employees	-	26,979	(26,979)
Net Investment Income Benefits Payments, including Refunds	-	10,001	(10,001)
of Employee Contributioins	(93,362)	(93,362)	-
Other (Net Transfer)		8,646	(8,646)
Net Changes	146,481	30,021	116,460
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$ 2,604,077	\$ 2,024,606	\$ 579,471

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.45%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1	% Lower	Curr	ent Discount	1	% Higher
		(6.45%)		(7.45%)	(8.45%)	
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	906,523	\$	579,471	\$	306,810

# <u>Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the employer recognized pension expense of \$118,089. At June 30, 2016, the employer reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

# NOTE 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Cont'd)

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	Oi	Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred lows of sources
Deferred Amounts to be Recongnized in Pension Expense in Future Periods Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	3,607
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		128,068		_
Total Deferred Amounts to be recongized in pension expense in future periods		128,068		3,607
Pension Contributions made subsequent to the Measurement Date		45,806		
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	173,874	\$	3,607

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending December 31	eferred Ouflows Resources	eferred Inflows Resources
2016	\$ 29,726	\$ -
2017	33,333	-
2018	33,334	-
2019	28,068	-
2020	-	-
Thereafter	 -	-
Total	\$ 124,461	\$ -

# D. Aggregate Pension Amounts

For the year ended June 30, 2016, aggregate pension amounts are as follows:

	 TRS	IMRF		Total		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 36,926	\$	173,874	\$	210,800	
Net Pension Liability	288,876		579,471		868,347	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	88,186		3,607		91,793	
Pension Expense, Net of State Support	14,886		118,089		132,975	

# E. Social Security/Medicare

Employees not qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Teacher's Retirement System or the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are considered "non-participating employees". These employees and those qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are covered under Social Security/Medicare.

#### NOTE 7. COMMON BANK ACCOUNT

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all District funds; instead, certain funds maintain their uninvested cash balances in a common checking account, with accounting records being maintained to show the portion of the common bank account balance attributable to each participating fund.

Occasionally certain of the funds participating in the common bank account will incur overdrafts (deficits) in the account. The overdrafts result from expenditures, which have been approved by the School Board.

#### **NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS**

The District was under no contractual commitment obligations as of June 30, 2016.

#### **NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District has purchased insurance from private insurance companies to handle these risks of loss. During fiscal year 2016 there was no significant reductions in insurance coverage for any category. Settlement claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 10. TORT IMMUNITY EXPENDITURES

The District's tort immunity expenditures consisted of payments for:

	Amount		
Workers compensation	\$	29,930	
Liability insurance	27,87		
Legal expenses		5,201	
Total Tort Immunity Expenditures	\$	63,010	

# NOTE 11. GENERAL STATE AID EXPENDITURES FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION SERVICES

For the year ended June 30, 2016, \$651 of Special Education (line item 1200) was paid with revenue code 3001, General State Aid.

### **NOTE 12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued or available to be issued. There are two types of subsequent events: recognized (events that relate to conditions present at the balance sheet date) and non-recognized (events or conditions that did not exist at the balance sheet date but arose after that date).

There have been no recognized or non-recognized subsequent events that have occurred between June 30, 2016, and the date of this audit report requiring disclosure in the financial statements.





# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 OTHER INFOMRATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS FISCAL YEAR 2016\*

	FY 15*	FY 14*
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0004%	0.0004%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the employer	\$ 288,876 17,249,695	\$ 253,764 15,824,975
Total	\$ 17,538,571	\$ 16,078,739
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,566,471	\$ 2,664,029
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	11%	10%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	40.50%	43.00%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal year end.

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 OTHER INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS FISCAL YEAR 2016

		FY 15*	FY 14*		
Contractually-required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	\$	14,886 14,886	\$	15,451 15,443	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	8	
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,566,471	\$ 2	2,664,029	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.58%		0.58%	

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal year end.

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 OTHER INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND JUNE 30, 2016

Calendar year ending December 31,	 2015	 2014
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Benefit changes	\$ 67,245 182,118 -	\$ 75,184 166,030 -
Difference between expected and actual experience of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(9,520) - (93,362)	(48,577) 122,287 (84,724)
Net change in pension liability Total pension liability - beginning	146,481 2,457,596	230,200 2,227,396
Total pension liability - ending (A)	\$ 2,604,077	\$ 2,457,596
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employees Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Other (net transfer)	\$ 77,757 26,979 10,001 (93,362) 8,646	\$ 78,604 31,206 113,556 (84,724) 6,911
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	30,021 1,994,585	145,553 1,849,032
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$ 2,024,606	\$ 1,994,585
Net pension liability/(asset) - ending (A) - (B)	\$ 579,471	\$ 463,011
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	77.75%	81.16%
Covered valuation payroll	\$ 599,520	\$ 628,834
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll	96.66%	73.63%

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 OTHER INFORMATION MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

JUNE 30, 2016

Calendar Year Ending December 31	De	ctuarially termined ntribution	-	Actual ntribution	Defic	bution elency eess)	Covered /aluation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Valuation Payroll
2014 2015	\$	78,605 77,758	\$	78,604 77,757	\$	1 1	\$ 628,834 599,520	12.50% 12.97%

### Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2014 Contribution Rate\*

#### Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year,

which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions

are reported.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2014 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age = normal

Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period: 28-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 4%

Price Inflation: 3%. Approximate; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this

valuation

Salary Increases: 4.40% to 16%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition; last updated for the 2011 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2008 to 2010.

Mortality: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality

improvements to 2020 using projection scale AA. For men, 120% of the table rates were used. For women, 92% of the table rates were used. For disabled lives, the mortality rates are the rates applicable to non-

disabled lives set forward 10 years.

# Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

<sup>\*</sup> Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2013, actuarial valuation; note two year lag between valuation and rate setting.

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - BY ACCOUNT JUNE 30, 2016

	E	ducational Account	9		Total General Fund	
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	2,243,799	\$	438,683	\$	2,682,482
Total Assets	\$	2,243,799	\$	438,683	\$	2,682,482
LIABILITIES	\$		\$		\$	
FUND BALANCES						
Unassigned		2,243,799	,	438,683		2,682,482
Total Fund Balances		2,243,799		438,683		2,682,482
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,243,799	\$	438,683	\$	2,682,482

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BY ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original and Educational Final Budget Account		Working Cash Account		Total General Fund	
REVENUES RECEIVED						
Local sources:						
Property taxes	\$	3,650,500	\$ 3,686,729	\$	-	\$ 3,686,729
Personal property replacement taxes		1,000	-		-	-
Student tuition and fees		38,000	30,226		-	30,226
Interest on investments		1,100	3,543		910	4,453
Pupil activities Donations		49,500 57,500	106,380		-	106,380 48,381
Other		57,500 38,500	48,381 3,984		-	3,984
State sources		217,800	1,731,048		_	1,731,048
Federal sources		163,000	184,906		_	184,906
r cacrar address	-	100,000	 104,500			104,000
Total Revenues Received		4,216,900	 5,795,197	910		5,796,107
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED						
Instruction		2,526,910	3,928,978		_	3,928,978
Support services		1,433,180	1,466,322		_	1,466,322
Community services		46,730	28,539		_	28,539
Payments to other governmental units		225,000	188,446		_	188,446
Capital outlay		20,000	-		_	-
,		-,				
Total Expenditures Disbursed		4,251,820	 5,612,285			5,612,285
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(34,920)	182,912		910	183,822
OVER (ONDER) EM ENDITORES		(01,020)	 102,012		010	100,022
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Capital leases		-	33,949		-	33,949
Transfers out		-	(7,876)		-	(7,876)
			,			
Total Other Financing Sources		-	 26,073		-	26,073
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(34,920)	208,985		910	209,895
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2015			2,034,814		437,773	2,472,587
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2016			\$ 2,243,799	\$	438,683	\$ 2,682,482

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	20	)16	2015	
	Original and			
	Final Budget	Actual	Actual	
REVENUES RECEIVED				
Local Sources:				
General tax levy	\$ 3,580,000	\$ 3,615,431	\$ 3,515,952	
Special education levy	70,500	71,298	70,021	
Corporate replacement taxes	1,000	-	641	
Tuition and fees	38,000	30,226	45,047	
Earnings on investments	1,000	3,543	964	
Pupil activities	49,500	106,380	91,221	
Donations	57,500	48,381	54,980	
Other	38,500	3,984	11,880	
Total Local Sources	3,836,000	3,879,243	3,790,706	
State Sources:				
General state aid	70,000	124,756	86,068	
Special education	143,100	162,105	121,244	
Bilingual	4,000	1,774	5,856	
School lunch programs	200	212	352	
Other	500	1,500	750	
State on behalf payments		1,440,701	1,301,252	
Total State Sources	217,800	1,731,048	1,515,522	
Federal Sources:				
Special milk program	3,000	3,893	4,778	
Title I - low income	52,000	62,512	54,983	
IDEA preschool flow through	1,000	2,825	2,550	
IDEA flow through	90,000	85,527	93,607	
Title II - teacher quality	10,000	12,559	12,647	
Medicaid matching	7,000	17,590	9,271	
Total Federal Sources	163,000	184,906	177,836	
Total Revenues Received	4,216,800	5,795,197	5,484,064	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	20	2015	
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Actual
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED			
Instruction:			
Regular Programs:	¢ 4 700 000	<u></u> ተ 1 710 በ22	\$ 1.763.537
Salaries Employee benefits	\$ 1,729,090 159,790	\$ 1,718,033 130,277	\$ 1,763,537 139,594
Employee benefits-on-behalf	139,790	1,440,701	1,301,252
Supplies and materials	42,500	42,189	41,782
Capital outlay	-	33,949	
Total	1,931,380	3,365,149	3,246,165
Special Education Programs:			
Salaries	360,130	326,854	376,741
Employee benefits	79,220	65,417	68,664
Supplies and materials	3,300	21,967	3,721
Total	442,650	414,238	449,126
Educationally Deprived/Remedial Programs:			
Salaries	34,500	38,262	38,312
Employee benefits	2,100	5	964
Purchased services	6,230	7,129	7,175
Supplies and materials	10,050	12,714	10,890
Non-capitalized equipment		2,356	
Total	52,880	60,466	57,341
Interscholastic Programs:			
Salaries	30,350	25,053	26,659
Employee benefits	1,850	2,141	1,769
Purchased services	3,000	2,220	2,560
Total	35,200	29,414	30,988
Summer School Programs:			
Salaries	8,140	8,600	7,369
Employee benefits	200	59	37
Total	8,340	8,659	7,406

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	20	16	2015
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Actual
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED			
Instruction: Gifted:			
Salaries	\$ 38,200	\$ 38,200	\$ 50,603
Employee benefits	12,690	5,260	7,788
Total	50,890	43,460	58,391
Bilingual:			
Salaries	5,470	7,592	9,800
Employee benefits	100		
Total	5,570	7,592	9,800
Total Instruction	2,526,910	3,928,978	3,859,217
Support Services:			
Pupils:			
Attendance and Social Work Services:			
Salaries	78,900	78,710	77,777
Employee benefits Supplies and materials	1,160 105	1,246 101	1,198 104
Supplies and materials	105_	101	104
Total	80,165	80,057	79,079
Health:			
Salaries	26,000	28,539	29,756
Employee benefits	50	43	41
Supplies and materials	2,350	1,634	2,270
Total	28,400	30,216	32,067
Psychological Services:			
Salaries	74,500	73,932	79,373
Employee benefits	6,920	15,118	6,273
Purchased services	<u>.</u>	<del>-</del>	3,235
Supplies and materials	105_	114	99
Total	81,525	89,164	88,980

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

# WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2015

	20	2015		
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Actual	
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED	1 mai Baagot	- Notaai	7101001	
Support Services:				
Speech Pathology/Audio Services:	Ф 00.500	Φ 00.040	Φ 07.004	
Salaries Employee benefits	\$ 89,500 8,010	\$ 89,040 8,971	\$ 87,984 7,500	
Supplies and materials	330	322	312	
Capping and materials				
Total	97,840	98,333	95,796	
Other Support Services:				
Salaries	67,000	62,184	58,851	
Employee benefits	660	1,469	282	
Total	67,660	63,653	59,133	
Instructional Staff:				
Improvement of Instruction Services:				
Salaries	11,000	9,616	5,177	
Employee benefits	200	520	67	
Purchased services	13,020	17,945	15,146	
Supplies and materials	1,610	2,125	210	
Non-capitalized equipment	1,260		1,394	
Total	27,090	30,206	21,994	
Education Media:				
Salaries	26,200	26,122	25,812	
Employee benefits	5,600	5,509	5,783	
Supplies and materials	7,950	7,675	7,639	
Total	39,750	39,306	39,234	
Assessment and Testing:				
Purchased services	5,000	4,866	4,973	
Total	5,000	4,866	4,973	
General Administration:				
Board of Education Services:				
Employee benefits		3	3	
Purchased services	70,500	59,782	73,078	
Other	6,500	5,791	6,008	
Total	77,000	65,576	79,089	

(Continued)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

# WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2015

	20	2015	
	Original and	Actual	Actual
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED	Final Budget	Actual	Actual
Support Services:			
General Administration:			
Executive Administration Services:			
Salaries	\$ 253,000	\$ 252,290	\$ 240,414
Employee benefits	34,950	37,308	32,220
Purchased services	5,450	4,688	4,963
Other	2,800	2,155	2,541
Total	296,200	296,441	280,138
Special Area Administration Services:			
Salaries	50,700	50,587	52,069
Employee benefits	100	-	28
Purchased services	500	204	216
Total	51,300	50,791	52,313
School Administration:			
Office of the Principal Services:			
Salaries	192,500	190,568	182,881
Employee benefits	35,400	38,215	35,141
Purchased services	600	10,685	12,250
Other	350_	350	350
Total	228,850	239,818	230,622
Business:			
Direction of Business Support Services:			
Salaries	43,000	43,000	45,083
Purchased services	5,550	5,455	400
Total	48,550	48,455	45,483
Fiscal Services:			
Salaries	90,800	90,682	89,606
Employee benefits	15,950	18,510	14,995
Purchased services	8,000	7,910	4,991
Total	114,750	117,102	109,592

(Continued)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	20	)16	2015		
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Actual		
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED					
Support Services:  Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services:					
Purchased services	\$ 23,000	\$ 12,282	\$ 21,142		
Supplies and materials	18,000	17,158	14,881		
Total	41,000	29,440	36,023		
Pupil Transportation Services:					
Purchased services	5,000	3,279	2,513		
Total	5,000	3,279	2,513		
Total		3,219	2,313		
Food Services:					
Purchased services	14,000	15,346	12,546		
Total	14,000	15,346	12,546		
Central:					
Information Services:					
Purchased services	4,100	3,441	5,600		
Total	4,100	3,441	5,600		
Data Processing Services:					
Purchased services	125,000	139,567	155,650		
Capital outlay	20,000	-	4,254		
Non-capitalized equipment		21,265	7,642		
Total	145,000	160,832	167,546		
Total Support Services	1,453,180	1,466,322	1,442,721		
Community Services:					
Salaries	22,500	15,380	14,815		
Employee benefits	480	91	252		
Purchased services	13,450	10,606	14,811		
Supplies and materials	10,300	2,462	10,450		
Total Community Services	46,730	28,539	40,328		

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	20	2015		
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Actual	
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED				
Payments to Other LEAs and Governmental Units Other	\$ 225,000	\$ 188,446	\$ 194,737	
Total Payments to Other LEAs and Governmental Units	225,000	188,446	194,737	
Total Expenditures Disbursed	4,251,820	5,612,285	5,537,003	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(35,020)	182,912	(52,939)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Capital leases Transfers out		33,949 (7,876)	<u>.</u> <u>.</u>	
Total Other Financing Sources		26,073		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (35,020)	208,985	(52,939)	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2015		2,034,814	2,087,753	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2016		\$ 2,243,799	\$ 2,034,814	

\$ 438,683

\$

437,773

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 WORKING CASH ACCOUNT

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2015

		2016				2015	
REVENUES RECEIVED	Original and Final Budget Actual		ctual	Actual			
Local Sources: Earnings on investments	\$	100	\$	910	\$	214	
Total Local Sources		100		910		214	
Total Revenues Received		100		910		214	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	100		910		214	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2015				137,773		437,559	

FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2016

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	201	2015	
	Original and		
	Final Budget	Actual	Actual
REVENUES RECEIVED			
Local Sources:	\$ 452,000	Ф 4 <u>Б</u> 0.054	Ф 44E 704
General tax levy Earnings on investments	\$ 452,000 100	\$ 458,654 463	\$ 445,791 132
Rentals	20,000	20,000	59,684
Impact fees	5,000	20,000	-
impact root			
Total Local Sources	477,100	479,117	505,607
Total Revenues Received	477,100	479,117	505,607
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED Support Services:			
Operations and Maintenance of Plant Services:			
Salaries	177,000	168,472	171,745
Employee benefits	35,800	39,696	32,979
Purchased services	120,700	103,174	117,353
Supplies and materials	128,000	120,836	114,398
Capital outlay	10,000	18,241	2,980
Non-capitalized equipment			423
Total Support Services	471,500	450,419	439,878
Total Expenditures Disbursed	471,500	450,419	439,878
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 5,600	28,698	65,729
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2015		309,758	244,029
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2016		\$ 338,456	\$ 309,758

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 TRANSPORTATION FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	2016			2015		
		ginal and			Actual	
REVENUES RECEIVED	ГШ	al Budget_		Actual		Actual
Local Sources:	ф.	20.200	<b>ው</b>	20.024	ф.	20.240
General tax levy Earnings on investments	\$	20,300	\$	20,921 134	\$	20,248 11
Total Local Sources		20,300		21,055		20,259
State Sources:						
Transportation aid		25,000		28,982		29,038
Total State Sources		25,000		28,982		29,038
Total Revenues Received		45,300		50,037		49,297
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED Support Services: Pupil Transportation:						
Purchased services		55,000		29,173		36,028
Total Support Services		55,000		29,173		36,028
Total Expenditures Disbursed		55,000		29,173		36,028
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(9,700)		20,864		13,269
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2015				57,319		44,050
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2016			\$	78,183	\$	57,319

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT/SOCIAL SECURITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	20	2015	
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES RECEIVED			
Local Sources:			
General tax levy	\$ 183,000	\$ 186,730	\$ 180,826
Personal property replacement taxes	32,000	34,526	36,862
Earnings on investments	200	1,039	466
Total Local Sources	215,200	222,295	218,154
Total Revenues Received	215,200	222,295	218,154
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED			
Instruction - employee benefits	68,970	67,033	65,292
Support services - employee benefits	112,100	102,247	106,512
Community services - employee benefits	1,300	1,232	946
Total Expenditures Disbursed	182,370	170,512	172,750
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 32,830	51,783	45,404
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2015		92,456	47,052
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2016		\$ 144,239	\$ 92,456

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 DEBT SERVICE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	20	2015	
	Original and		
	Final Budget	Actual	Actual
REVENUES RECEIVED  Local Sources:			
General tax levy	\$ 921,100	\$ 931,282	\$ 896,471
Earnings on investments	100	878	46
Total Local Sources	921,200	932,160	896,517
Total Revenues Received	921,200	932,160	896,517
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	280,173	286,175	294,780
Interest	620,575	622,326	581,122
Total Debt Service	900,748	908,501	875,902
Total Expenditures Disbursed	900,748	908,501	875,902
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	20,452	23,659	20,615
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in		7,876	
Total Other Financing Sources		7,876	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 20,452	31,535	20,615
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2015		558,341	537,726
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2016		\$ 589,876	\$ 558,341

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	2016		
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES RECEIVED Local Sources:		Actual	
Earnings on investments Other	\$ 2,000 30,000	\$ 360 49,311	\$ 4,280 28,236
Total Local Sources	32,000	49,671	32,516
Total Revenues Received	32,000	49,671	32,516
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED Support Services: Facilities Acquisition & Construction Services:			
Purchased services	-	8,623	-
Capital outlay Non-capitalized equipment	439,900	403,418 14,326	43,260 74,192
Total Support Services	439,900	426,367	117,452
Total Expenditures Disbursed	439,900	426,367	117,452
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (407,900)	(376,696)	(84,936)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2015		830,209	915,145
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2016		\$ 453,513	\$ 830,209

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 ACTIVITY FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED AND EXPENDITURES DISBURSED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Cash Balance July 1, 2015	Revenues Received	Expenditures Disbursed	Cash Balance June 30, 2016	
General Account	\$ 1,600	\$ 8,079	\$ 7,617	\$ 2,062	
Bird Garden	20	-	-	20	
Drama	648	2,474	2,243	879	
Scholarship	6,264	6,361	3,637	8,988	
Student Council	2,483	39	-	2,522	
Field Trips	1,130	16,231	18,211	(850)	
Fundraisers	205	-	-	205	
Fund The Fish	1	-	-	1	
Science	-	90	54	36	
Band	275	571	737	109	
Total	\$ 12,626	\$ 33,845	\$ 32,499	\$ 13,972	

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, TAX EXTENSIONS AND COLLECTIONS

# YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016, 2015 AND 2014

	TAX LEVY YEAR			
	2015	2014	2013	
ASSESSED VALUATION	\$124,267,295	\$118,224,315	\$122,661,862	
TAX EXTENSIONS BY LEVY Educational Operations and maintenance Bond and interest fund Municipal retirement Social security/medicare Transportation Special education	\$ 3,621,770 457,179 939,834 114,575 69,714 20,504 69,714	\$ 3,558,907 453,745 909,854 114,678 71,880 21,044 71,880	\$ 3,479,794 438,761 884,883 107,207 68,323 19,503 68,323	
Total	\$ 5,293,290	\$ 5,201,988	\$ 5,066,794	
TAX COLLECTIONS Year Ended June 30, 2014 2015 2016	\$ - - 2,655,162	\$ - 2,566,154 2,629,155	\$ 2,499,985 2,563,154 -	
Total	\$ 2,655,162	\$ 5,195,309	\$ 5,063,139	
Percent of Total Levy Collected through June 30, 2016	50.16%	99.87%	99.93%	

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 SCHEDULE OF BONDED DEBT MATURITIES AND INTEREST JUNE 30, 2016

Due Year		opreciation s 2002	Taxable General General Obligation Refunding Obligation Refu Bonds 2013A Bonds 2013		Refunding		
Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 257,580	\$ 607,420	\$ 5,000	\$ 29,438	\$ 5,000	\$ 26,000	\$ 930,438
2018	245,266	649,734	5,000	29,258	5,000	25,870	960,128
2019	234,546	695,454	5,000	29,079	5,000	25,740	994,819
2020	222,816	737,184	5,000	28,900	5,000	25,610	1,024,510
2021	212,532	782,468	5,000	28,720	5,000	25,480	1,059,200
2022	202,477	827,523	5,000	28,540	5,000	25,350	1,093,890
2023	-	-	790,000	28,361	75,000	25,220	918,581
2024					895,000	23,270	918,270
TOTAL	\$ 1,375,217	\$ 4,299,783	\$ 820,000	\$ 202,296	\$1,000,000	\$ 202,540	\$ 7,899,836

# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 SCHEDULE OF PER CAPITA TUITION CHARGE AND AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016, 2015 AND 2014

		Year Ended June 30,			
	2016	2015	2014		
Allowable Expenses	\$ 5,060,568	\$ 5,161,208	\$ 4,778,045		
Average Daily Attendance	290.66	299.06	271.83		
Per Capita Tuition Charge	\$ 17,411	\$ 17,258	\$ 17,577		



# WINFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 1. TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS (TRS)

Changes of Assumptions

Amounts reported in 2015 reflect an investment rate of return of 7.5 percent, an inflation rate of 3.0 percent and real return of 4.5 percent, and salary increases that vary be service credit. In 2014, assumptions used were an investment rate of return of 7.5 percent, an inflation rate of 3.0 percent and real return of 4.5 percent, and salary increases of 5.75%.

#### NOTE 2. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The budget for all Governmental Fund types and for the Expendable Trust Fund is prepared on the cash basis of accounting which is the same basis that is used in financial reporting. This allows for comparability between budget and actual amounts. This is an acceptable method in accordance with Chapter 105, paragraph 5/17-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The budget was passed on August 27, 2015.

For each fund, total fund expenditures disbursed may not legally exceed the budgeted amounts. The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year. All encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. After July 1, the Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures disbursed and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at a public meeting to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer up to 10% of the total budget between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures disbursed of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education after a public hearing.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- 6. The Board of Education may amend the budget (in other ways) by the same procedures required of its original adoption.

#### **NOTE 3. OVEREXPENDITURE OF BUDGET**

During the year ended June 30, 2016, actual expenditures disbursed exceeded budgeted expenditures in the following funds:

	Actual		Budgeted
	 Disbursed		cpenditures
Educational Account Debt Service Fund	\$ 5,612,285 908,501	\$	4,251,820 900,748

The Educational Account was over-expended due to difference of budget versus actual state on-behalf payments (\$1,440,701) to TRS. The Debt Service Fund was over-expended due to the District not budgeting for principal and interest retirement for a new capital lease issue out of the Debt Service Fund.